A fine line between theory and application and what to do about it

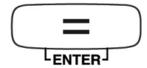
Technical Maths



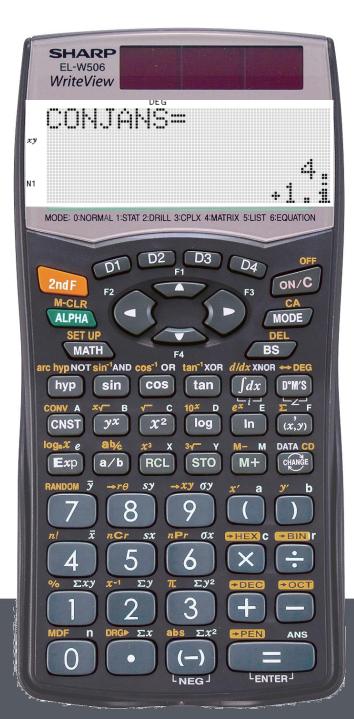
Complex Numbers

- Press MODE 3
- 4 –





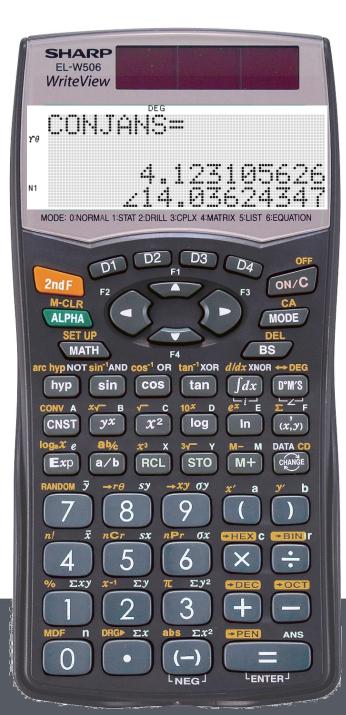
- To find Conjugate form
 - Press MATH
 - 1
 - ENTER





Trigonometric Form

- To find the previous answer in terms of radius and angle:
- Press 2ndF
- 8



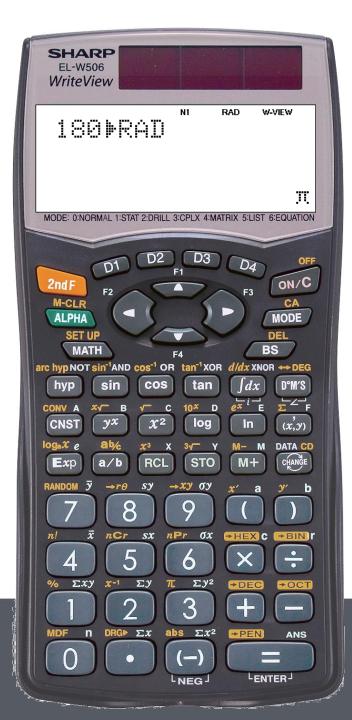


Degrees / Radians

- Press MODE 0
- e.g. 180°
- Press 180
- Press





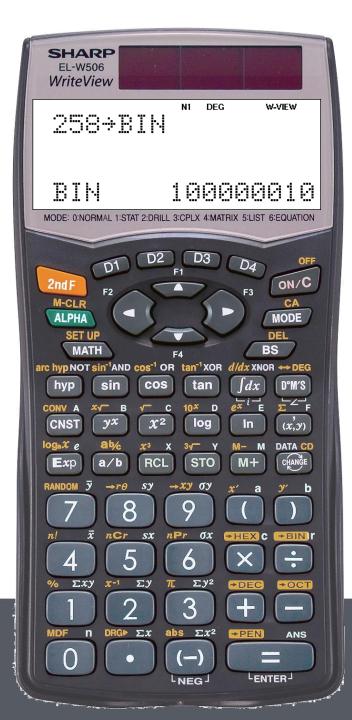




Binary Numbers

- Changing from Decimal to Binary:
 - E.g. 258 to binary is:
 - Type in 258 **→BIN** r
 - Press 2ndF
- Changing Binary back to decimal:
 - Type in 10110
 - Press

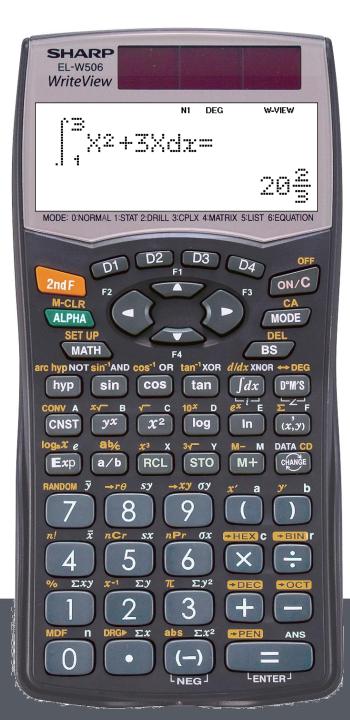






Integration

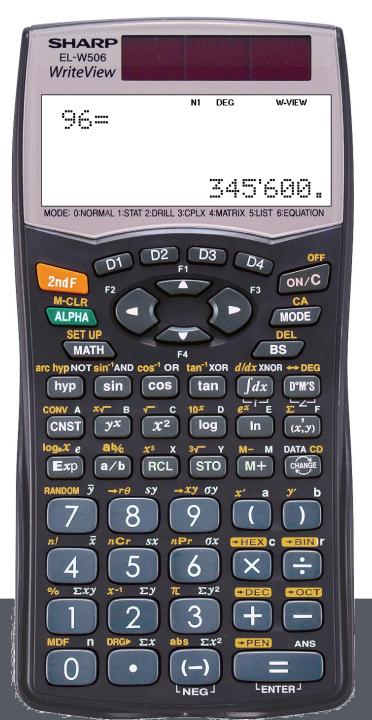
- To find the integral of x^2+3x between x=1 and x=3
- Press | San didx xnor of the press | San di
- 1 3
- RCL RCL X2
- (+) 3 (RCL) (RCL
- E_{LENTER}





Conversions

- Hours to seconds:
 - E.g. 96 hours
 - Type in 96
 - Press MATH
 - 4
- You can also convert hours to minutes by choosing 5

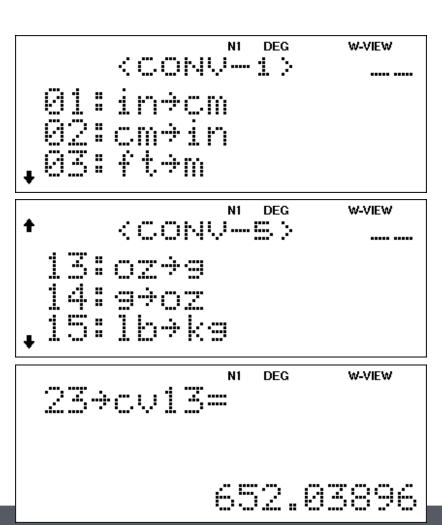




Conversions E.g Ounces to grams

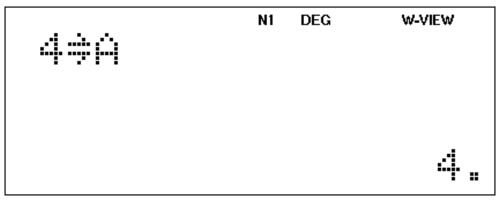
- 23 ounces:
- Press 23
- 2ndF CNST
- Press until you find oz → g
- Press 1 3 =

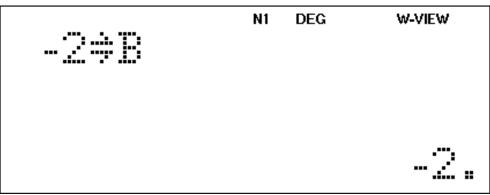
There are 44 conversions.



Substitution

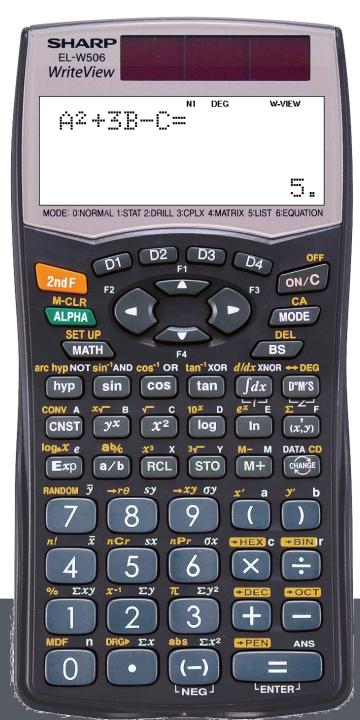
- E.g. $A^2 + 3B C$
- A = 4, B = -2 and C = 5
- Store these values:
 - 4 (STO) CNST
 - (-) 2 STO yx
 - 5 STO x^2





Substitution

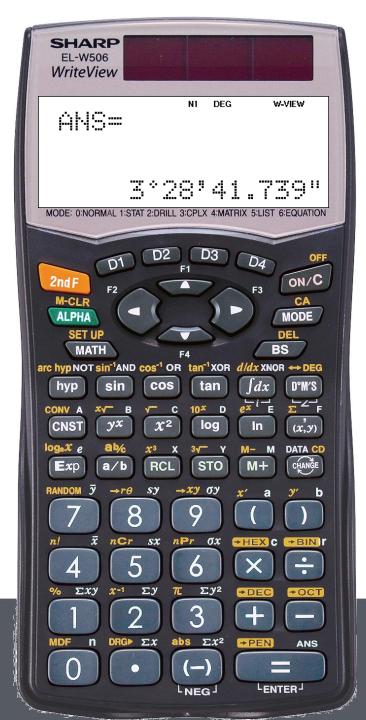
- Now type in the expression:
 - E.g. $A^2 + 3B C$
- ALPHA CNST x^2
- \bullet + 3 ALPHA yx
- ALPHA x2
- =





Time

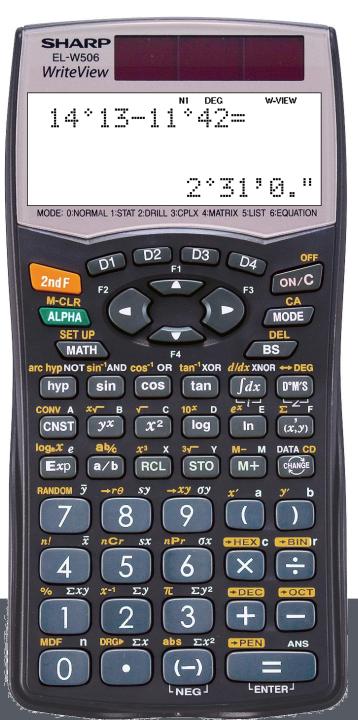
- Speed, distance, time.
- To find time, for example travel 400km at a speed of 115km/h, how long does it take?
- Press ON/C
- 400 (a/b)
- 115 =
- 2nd F D°M'S





Time

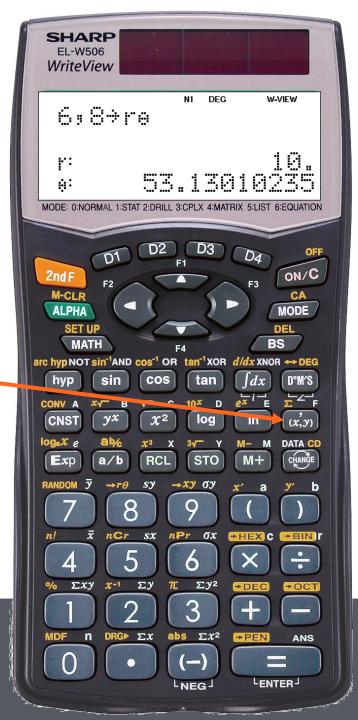
- Leave at 11:42 and arrive at 14:13. How long did it take?
- Press 1 4 (D°M′s) 1 3
- ()1 1 (D°M'S) 42
- =





Pythagoras

- This only works if we are looking for the hypotenuse of a rightangled triangle.
- Type in the shorter sides (or x and y values) of the triangle, e.g. our triangle has sides 6 and 8, so we type in 6 then (x,y)
- Now press 2nd F 8
- This gives us the hypotenuse (r) and the angle (θ) the hypotenuse makes with the base.

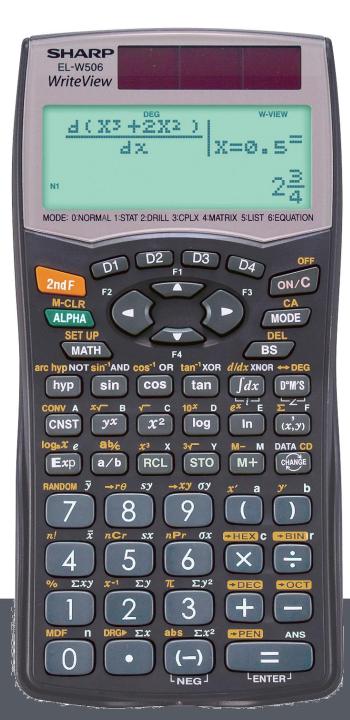




Simultaneous Equations

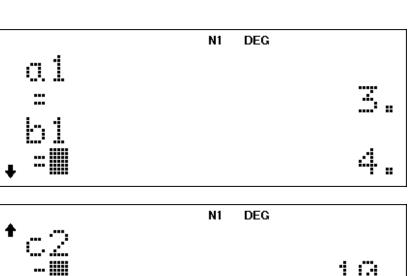
- Press MODE 6
- $y = 3x^2 + 4x 8$
- $y = -7x^2 + 5x 10$

Choose 0

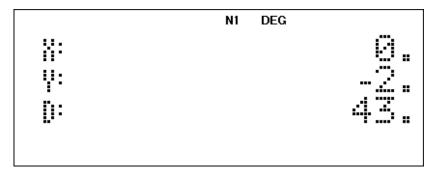




Simultaneous Equations cntd:







Cubic Equation

- Press MODE 6
- 3 (For Cubic)

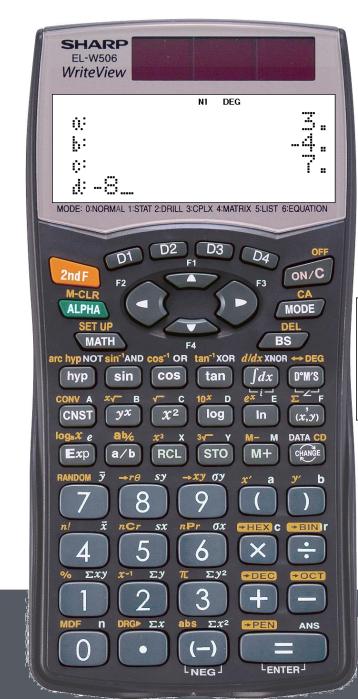
•
$$y = 3x^3 - 4x^2 + 7x - 8$$

•
$$a = 3$$

• b =
$$(-)$$
 4 $=$

•
$$c = 7$$

•
$$d = (-)$$
 8 =



```
X=
1: 1.216801751
2: 0.058265791
±1.4792571671
```



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